

## A CRISIS APPROACHES.

TRouble IN THE BRITISH MINISTRY.

**Summons of the Contemplated Resignation of Gladstone and Dissolution of Parliament—Affairs in the Sudan and Elsewhere.**

### STARTLING REPORTS.

LONDON, March 18.—The air is full of rumors of dissension in the Cabinet, the resignation of Gladstone, and a dissolution of Parliament. The fact is, Gladstone is suffering from catarrhal fever, and is too hoarse to speak. There are undoubtedly differences in the Ministry as regards the length to which Great Britain should go in the Sudan war, but not enough to cause a split. The Ministerialists are confident that whatever happens Gladstone will insist upon a final decision from Parliament on the county-franchise question.

The *Daily News* says Gladstone will speedily return to work and has no intention of resigning.

LONDON, March 18.—The *Daily News*, recounting the debate of Saturday in the House of Commons, predicts the early resignation of the Cabinet, asserts that the existence of the Government and Parliament is precarious and is hourly jeopardized.

The *Echo* says Gladstone's worry is retarding his recovery. It urges him to maintain the policy of refusing to annex or protect the Sudan, notwithstanding the objections of his colleagues in the Cabinet. "Gladstone's career is drawing to a close, and we hope it will end in a manner worthy of his fame."

The *St. James' Gazette* asserts that a serious Cabinet crisis is imminent. The Sudan trouble is not the only question about which there is a disagreement.

Cairo, March 20.—All the good work of the British in the Sudan seems destined to be destroyed. The tribes from Kassala to Berber are in full revolt, while the Arabs between Korosko and Assuan are threatening open rebellion. Sheikh Salim, of the Haddanowa tribe, has advanced toward Trinkitat with a strong force of rebels, and will reoccupy Baker Pasha's fort. Osman Digma's forces are growing daily, and now number fully seven thousand men. The fanatics are crowding into his camp from all directions. Three of the greatest tribes have risen and are occupying the Nile from Duem to Shendi. Only two sheikhs have obeyed Admiral Hewitt's proclamation. These are rulers of small tribes of less than one thousand and five hundred combatants. Even their adhesion is decisive.

LONDON, March 19.—The Marquis of Hartington, War Secretary, has received the text of Admiral Hewitt's proclamation offering £1,000 for Osman Digma's head, and has ordered it withdrawn in the most judicious manner possible. The Marquis stated in the House of Commons that he had received a dispatch from Admiral Hewitt, explaining the reason for issuing the proclamation. He asserted that Osman had killed two of his messengers, and he, therefore, considered the rebel chief a murderer.

SUAKIM, March 19.—The spirit of Osman Digma and some of his fanatic adherents is far from broken. He has returned with as many as 2,000 followers to the neighborhood of his former encampment. He adopts the same tone in intercourse with his people as before the last disaster, and is exhorting them to a religious war. He assures them that in the third battle success will be theirs, but the tribes are much demoralized, as they reflect upon the full significance of their crushing defeat. Admiral Hewitt's proclamation offering a reward for Osman's head reached the hands of sheikhs with him. They read it, and spurned it with supreme contempt. Osman's scouts, to the number of 150, are under orders to kill all stragglers, whether English or of friendly tribes.

LONDON, March 20.—Mr. Gladstone has gone to Combe, in Surrey. He appears jaded.

PARIS, March 20.—The *Republique Francaise* says: "France can treat with China only upon the basis of an indemnity and recognition by China of French supremacy over the whole of Tonkin."

BERNE, March 20.—The Swiss Federal Council has decided to grant the extradition of Anarchists whenever asked for. Otherwise the Anarchists will be expelled from the country.

LONDON, March 20.—In the House of Commons Tuesday the Army Estimates bill was passed. The amount appropriated is £4,230,000.

The Marquis of Hartington stated that the elastic terms of service and bounties were inducing the men to prolong the period of their foreign service, and had attracted the past year over 20,000 recruits. This is the largest number ever known in one year. Regarding the heavy naval ordinance in process of construction he said three guns of 110 tons, the most powerful in the world; four of sixty-three tons, and three of forty-three tons, will be finished the present year.

DUBLIN, March 19.—Parnell has brought action in one of the courts in this city to recover arrears of rent from one of his tenants.

### An Interesting Case.

SALT LAKE CITY, U. T., March 20.—Andrew Peterson, the delegate to Congress in 1882, an avowed polygamist, who was indicted under the Edmunds law for registering and voting, is now on trial. Chief Justice Hunter allowed seven polygamist Mormons to sit on the jury. One has three wives. All the seven swore that they believed the Divine law superior to the laws of Congress, and believed polygamy to be right and revealed from God, and would obey God rather than Congress. The defendant admits marriage according to Mormon law, and says the marriage was by proxy for eternity, and not for time.

### Parnell Buys His Mother's Home.

TRENTON, N. J., March 20.—The "Old Ironsides" property, 225 acres, on the bluff between Bordentown and White Hill, has been sold by Mrs. Parnell to her son Charles Stewart Parnell, for a consideration of \$20,000. This offer was made by Parnell in January last, but has only now been accepted by his mother, in conformance with their joint idea to retain the homestead in the family. Parnell will make it his American home.

### Consolidated Into One System.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 20.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Chicago, St. Louis & Pittsburgh Railway Company was held here yesterday. The meeting voted to consolidate the entire line of road, making one line from Chicago to Columbus, O., and from Columbus to Indianapolis.

### The Wheat Crop.

CINCINNATI, March 20.—The *Price Current* has reports from the winter wheat belt indicating a good average condition in Ohio and Indiana, fairly good promise in Illinois, with some damage by frost in Missouri, and by dry, cold winds in Kansas; but the loss in any district is not irreparable.

## STARTLING FIGURES.

A Summary of the Pecuniary Damages Caused by the Great Floods in the Ohio Valley.

CINCINNATI, March 17.—The labor of compiling a complete list of the losses along the Ohio River from the recent flood has been too great to be attempted, but Bradstreet's mercantile agency has made a list showing only losses to business men from Pomeroy, O., to Madison, Ind. This is confined to losses on merchandise and manufacturing, and does not include any losses not directly affecting business standing. The work in Cincinnati and a few other points is not complete. The estimate for Cincinnati is \$200,000. Other points foot up as follows:

OHIO.		
Aberdeen	\$1,000	Now Richmond \$10,000
Buena Vista	4,000	Middleport 27,000
Fronton	5,000	Pomeroy 42,420
Levan	500	Portsmouth 120,000
Lowerbottom	1,000	Rome 800
Hughesport	1,000	Rainey 3,000
Manchester	1,500	Schlotzkyville 3,000
Minersville	3,200	Scott's Landing 1,000
Moscow	800	Plant 1,000
Seville	1,000	Pond 2,000

KENTUCKY.		
Augusta	\$5,000	Aurora \$18,450
Cattlettsburg	5,500	Florence 1,450
Maysville	10,000	Lawrenceburg 32,000
Morehead	5,000	Markland 3,000

### THE INVESTORS.

Colonel Ingersoll to Make the Opening Speech at the Convention of Investors in Cincinnati, March 27.—Object of the Meeting.

CINCINNATI, March 18.—Colonel R. G. Ingersoll has been invited to make the opening address at the meeting of investors to be held in Cincinnati on the 27th inst. The convention will be one of the most important industrial and mechanical meetings ever held in this country. Every investor can be a delegate. The object sought will be to promote the interests of investors by producing a community of feeling among them. The Anderson bill abolishing the Patent laws, which recently passed the House, will be a leading object of discussion, and every effort will be made to create a sentiment which will prevent its passing the Senate. Said a well-known investor: "The farmers in Kansas complain because they are forced to pay five dollars for an article well invented, and compel Anderson to introduce a bill abolishing the patent laws. Not one of these farmers would do away with the benefits of the invention for twenty times the amount. An inventor should be paid for his brains the same as a lawyer or preacher, and our fathers were right to make liberal laws to protect him. In this way the accumulated brains of the world have been forced to the United States, and we are enabled to sell farm produce and manufactured goods even in countries where cheap labor and good lands are abundant."

### Rhode Island Politics.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 19.—An Independent Republican State Convention assembled here Tuesday morning, with delegates representing half the State. Hon. George B. Corliss has been nominated for Governor, but it is not yet announced whether he will accept.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 20.—There was a large attendance at the Democratic State Convention yesterday. Charles H. Page was Chairman. John M. Brennan nominated George H. Corliss, for Governor. G. J. West nominated Amasa Sprague, saying he understood Corliss could have been Republican nominee any time during the last twenty years. T. W. Segar was also nominated. A formal ballot was then taken. Corliss securing 44 votes; Sprague, 26; Segar, 22. A motion to declare Corliss the nominee was then carried, 63 to 28. Corliss, when waited upon by a committee, declined to accept the nomination. The following nominations were then made: Thomas W. Segar, for Governor; Amasa Sprague, Lieutenant-Governor; Jonathan M. Wheeler, Secretary of State; Charles E. Gorman, Attorney-General, and George P. Leonard for General Treasurer. Delegates to the National Democratic Convention were chosen.

### Death of Bishop Kavanaugh.

COLUMBUS, Miss., March 20.—Bishop H. H. Kavanaugh, Senior Bishop of the Methodist Church South, died here yesterday morning, aged eighty-two years. The remains will be taken to his home at Louisville, Hubbard Hinde Kavanaugh, D. D., was born in Clark County, Ky., January 14, 1827. Dr. Kavanaugh was one of the pioneer Methodists of the South. Educated first to be a printer, his conversion in his sixteenth year led him into the ministry. He was received into the Kentucky conference in 1853, and became at once a prominent minister in the Methodist Episcopal Church South. Dr. Kavanaugh was elected Bishop at the conference which sat at Columbus, Ga., in 1854, and has occupied a marked position in the affairs of the church ever since.

### Death of a Once Famous Cantatrice.

NEW YORK, March 20.—Madame Anna Bishop, the once famous singer, died here suddenly Tuesday night of apoplexy. Madame Anna Bishop was born in London, Eng., in 1816. She made her debut in the Italian Opera-House in that city in 1839. After a professional tour in Europe, she came to America in 1847, first appearing at the Walnut Street Theater, Philadelphia, in the opera of "Norma." Her husband, Henry Bishop, died in 1855, and in 1858 she married Martin Schultz. For many years Madame Bishop has lived a retired life in New York.

### Candy which Intoxicates.

NEW YORK, March 20.—At the request of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, the Brooklyn health department has analyzed the candy known as "rye and rock." The candy was found to be flavored with "essence of whiskey, or fusil oil" in the proportion of .07353 grains to the pound. The quantity of fusil found in two pounds of this candy (1.4 to 1.6 grains) would be a fatal dose, the smaller quantity producing dizziness, headache, a sense of falling, and suffocation. School children buy a good deal of the stuff.

### Arrested as an Accessory.

WATKINS, Wis., March 19.—Jack Spurgeon has been arrested as an accessory before the fact to the killing of the old man Vierka, the German farmer. Harris, the confessed murderer, says that after he had killed Vierka, Spurgeon was to come to the house an hour or two later and rob it of \$600, which they understood the old couple had hidden away. Spurgeon protests his innocence.

Earthquake disturbances lasting fifteen minutes were felt Tuesday afternoon in parts of Western Newfoundland.

## THE CATTLE PLAGUE.

PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES TAKEN.

A Special Session of the Kansas Legislature on the Subject—No Trace of the Disease in Illinois—Its Appearance in Iowa—Elsewhere.

### THE FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.

TOPEKA, Kan., March 19.—The Legislature convened in special session Tuesday. In his message Governor Gillick, in reference to his proclamation calling a special legislative session, says there is no law authorizing any department of the State or local government to aid or enforce quarantine or sanitary regulations. This state of things should be remedied. Cattle will soon have to be turned loose on pastures and ranches, and then the infection can not be eradicated. The Governor makes several suggestions in connection with the present trouble, and advises the appointment of a State Veterinarian who should be allowed a salary sufficient to secure a first-class man, and should remain in office three or four years. The moving of infected animals should be made a criminal offense, and the law should provide for the destruction of diseased animals; compensation not to be more than three-fourths of their value. A bill relating to Texas cattle was also introduced and referred. In the House a bill was introduced to confine legislation to the subject of cattle disease, and another providing for the appointment of a State Veterinary Surgeon.

EFFINGHAM, Ill., March 18.—Interest in the alleged outbreak of the cattle plague here has abated since the publication of the State Veterinarian's report that the rumor was based on cases of footrot. Dr. Paaren, sent here to look into the matter, has finished his examination, and returned to Chicago. A few cases of footrot disease exist in DuQuoin, Perry County, but they are clearly due to the cold weather and want of proper care. They are viewed with no apprehension. The cattle running with the diseased ones have escaped infection. No traces of disease have appeared among cattle at Centralia, Marion County, or Fairfield, Wayne County.

DES MOINES, Ia., March 17.—The Governor has received notice that a cattle disease has broken out in the herd of Mr. Drake, in Louisa County, and that fifty have died within two days. The feet and noses drop off, and the animals die rapidly. Mr. Simon Beattie and Dr. Paaren, after an examination of the herd, find that the cattle near Wapello, are sufferers from footrot, which bears no relation to the foot-and-mouth disease.

DES MOINES, Ia., March 20.—In the Senate yesterday a bill was passed authorizing the appointment of a State Veterinarian by the Governor. The new officer shall have power, under certain circumstances, to establish quarantine and order the slaughter of diseased animals. The value of such animals shall be established by three sworn appraisers, appeals from whose decision may be taken to the Circuit Court, but shall not delay the slaughter. The bill appropriates \$50,000 for the payment of claims and \$5,000 annually for other expenses.

### ANTI-MONOPOLISTS.

The League is to Hold a National Convention in Chicago May 14.

CHICAGO, March 18.—This city is to have a third National Convention of a political stripe. The Anti-Monopoly League, with John F. Henry as Chairman and B. F. Shively as Secretary, has established headquarters at the Briggs House, and a National Anti-Monopoly Convention has been called to meet in this city at noon on Wednesday, May 14, for the purpose of nominating a Presidential ticket. The quota of representation is to be four delegates and four alternates from each Congressional District, four from each Territory, and four from the District of Columbia. Speaking of the necessity of prompt action, the call says:

The time for preparation is short; the necessity for action pressing and immediate. Where organizations of Anti-Monopolists already exist, steps should be at once taken to increase the membership and prepare for an active campaign. Where no organizations have yet been formed, those who believe that the people are above corporations should form themselves into local societies or clubs, appoint committees and take immediate action for the election of delegates, at places convenient to the citizens of their districts, giving abundant notice through the local papers of their districts of the time and place of meeting, and take whatever other steps may be deemed necessary to secure full delegations to the National Convention.

### A Terrible Fate.

CLEVELAND, O., March 20.—A still at Meriam & Morgan's oil works exploded. The escaping oil instantly submerged August Fisher and August Goenther, employees, and, taking fire, they quickly burned to death in sight of a horrified crowd unable to assist them. The rushing stream of oil overtook William Stohman, another employee, as he fled, and he, too, was burned to death. Meriam & Morgan's loss is \$15,000. No insurance. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

### THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 20.		
LIVE STOCK—Cattle	\$5.20	67 25
Sheep	5.00	66 50
Pork	6.00	66 75
FLOUR—Good to Choice	3.80	66 50
Patent	5.75	66 50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	1.04	62 10
Spring	1.04	62 10
CORN	61	62 10
OATS—Western Mixed	40	62 10
RYE	17	62 10
PORK—Mess	11	62 10
LARD—Steam	9.75	62 10
CHEESE	11	62 10
WOOL—Domestic	32	62 10

CHICAGO.		
BEEVES—Extra	\$5.00	62 80
Choice	4.80	62 80
Good	4.60	62 80
Medium	4.40	62 80
Butcher's Stock	3.80	62 80
PORK—Mess	2.90	62 80
Interior Cattle	3.50	62 80
SHEEP	3.70	62 80
BUTTER—Creamery	25	62 80
Good to Choice Dairy	21	62 80
EGGS—Fresh	21	62 80
FLOUR—Winter	4.30	62 80
Spring	4.00	62 80
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Spring	92 1/2	62 80
Corn, No. 2	51 1/2	62 80
Oats, No. 2	39 1/2	62 80
Barley, No. 2	64	62 80

BROOM CORN.		
Red-Tipped Hurl	0 1/2	62 80
Fine Green	5	62 80
Inferior	2 1/2	62 80
POTATOES—Good to Choice	17 1/2	62 80
PORK—Mess	11	62 80
LARD—Steam	9.75	62 80
LUMBER—Dressed Siding	18.00	62 80
Common	16.00	62 80
Flooring	12.00	62 80
Common Boards	12.00	62 80
Fencing	12.00	62 80
Lath	12.00	62 80
Shingles	2.00	62 80

EAST LIBERTY.		
CATTLE—Best	\$6.35	62 80
Fair to Good	6.00	62 80
HOGS—Yorkers	6.50	62 80
Philadelphias	7.00	62 80
SHEEP—Best	5.50	62 80
Common	5.00	62 80

BAITMOIRE.		
CATTLE—Best	\$6.75	62 80
Medium	6.00	62 80
HOGS	8.00	62 80
SHEEP—Fair to Choice	4.00	62 80

## H. P. CLARK,

House & Sign Painting

Paper Hanging, Calomining, Graining, Marbling, &c.

Shop on Columbus street, one block east of the post office, Ottawa, Illinois.

## GEO. W. RAVENS,

Passage Tickets,

Foreign Exchange,

Insurance Business.

15 MONEY TO LOAN.

South-east corner Postoffice Block, Ottawa, Illinois.

## SPRING

1884.

## WALL PAPER

AND

DECORATIONS

HAPEMAN & GRAHAM

Have just received their

Spring Stock of

WALL PAPER AND DECORATIONS

Which embraces a large variety of

NEW PATTERNS

FROM

THE BEST MANUFACTURERS.

Their Stock is Unusually Large,

and they employ

First-Class Paper Hangers,

And all who wish their work

done can rely on

GOOD WORK AND

REASONABLE PRICES

MR. W. J. PATTON, a practical

Decorator and Paper Hanger,

formerly of Philadelphia, has

charge of this Department.

GIVE THEM A CALL.

\$2,000.00

A YEAR (OR MORE) AND A PERMANENT

SITUATION

Are hereby offered to at least one person in each town

to act as our local agent and correspondent. First

come, first offered, other things being equal. References

required. Full particulars given on receipt of

return postage.

Address at once, mentioning this paper.

The National Intelligence Publishing Co.,

116 Washington Street,

CHICAGO ILL.

THE WEEKLY

La Salle Co. Herald

Has secured a wider known distinction as the ablest

and most powerful and the most widely circulated

German weekly in this state, outside of the city of

Chicago, is recognized every day as the most

valuable and representative of the

genius and spirit of the German population of Central

Illinois.

Its popularity and great circulation among intelligent

and prosperous Germans bestows upon it an

advertising medium, which is not possessed by

any other German journal in this part of the state of

Illinois.

C. ZWANZIG, Editor.

Ottawa, Ill., March 17, 1883

REJECTED

obtained for new inventions, or for improvements

on old ones, for medical or other compounds, trade-

marks and labels, cements, assignments, inter-

ferences, appeals, suits for infringement, and

all cases arising under the Patent Laws, promptly

attended to. Inventions that have been

patented by the U. S. Patent

Department, and engaged in Patent business ex-

clusively, we can make closer searches, and secure

Patents more promptly, and with broader claims,

than those who are remote from Washington.

Send us a model

or sketch of your device; we

will make examinations and advise as to patentability,

free of charge. All correspondence strictly con-

fidential. Prices low, and NO CHARGE UN-

LESS PATENT IS SECURED.

We refer to Washington, to Hon. Postmaster

General D. M. Key, Rev. F. D. Fowler, The German-

American National Bank, to officials in the U. S.

Patent Office, and to Senators and Representatives

in Congress; and especially to our clients in every

State in the Union and in Canada. Address

C. A. SNOW & CO.

Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

## NEELY'S

Standard Bred

STALLIONS

WILL BE KEPT AT

Owner's Stables, North of Rock Island Depot,

OTTAWA, ILLINOIS.

BYRON (Record 2:25 1/2).

He is a beautiful chestnut, 16 hands high, strong boned and sound. He took Sweepstakes at Illinois State Fair for all stallions, and won the champion gold medal at Earlville in 1877. Pedigree: By Field's Royal George, he by Royal George, by Black Warrior, &c.; dam, the O'Brien Mare. See Waller's Training Register, Vol. 1, p. 91. 2nd BYRON is the only horse standing for service in Illinois that has sired a trotter to trot in 2:25 as a five-year-old.

OTTAWA CHIEF (Record 2:25).

By Stallion, 15 1/2 hands high, pure